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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/858,387	05/15/2001	Donald C.D. Chang	PD-201006A	3432
	7590 10/28/200 7 GROUP, INC.	9	EXAMINER	
PATENT DOCKET ADMINISTRATION			TORRES, MARCOS L	
CA / LA1 / A109 2230 E. IMPERIAL HIGHWAY		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
EL SEGUNDO, CA 90245			2617	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/28/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/858,387	CHANG ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	MARCOS L. TORRES	2617
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPUBLICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING IF Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tird d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 7-2 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Th 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1 and 3-22 is/are pending in the apprending of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest solution of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest solution of the above claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1 and 3-22 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.	
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examir 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E 	ecepted or b) objected to by the education of a complete drawing (s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing (s) is objection is required if the drawing (s) is objected to by the education of the drawing (s) is objected to by the education of the drawing (s) is objected to by the education of th	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burest * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicati ority documents have been receive au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D: 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. In view of the appeal brief filed on 7-22-09, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY

REOPENED. A new ground of rejection is set forth below.

To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the

following two options:

(1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply

under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,

(2) initiate a new appeal by filing a notice of appeal under 37 CFR 41.31 followed

by an appeal brief under 37 CFR 41.37. The previously paid notice of appeal fee and

appeal brief fee can be applied to the new appeal. If, however, the appeal fees set forth

in 37 CFR 41.20 have been increased since they were previously paid, then appellant

must pay the difference between the increased fees and the amount previously paid.

A Supervisory Patent Examiner (SPE) has approved of reopening prosecution by

signing below:

/Lester Kincaid/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2617.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 3. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 4. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 5. Claims 1, 3-12, 14 and 20-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross US006556809B1 in view of Katz 6393303.

As to claim 1, Gross discloses a communications system (see fig. 1, item 100) for communicating with mobile user terminals (see fig. 1, item 130) comprising: a base station having an adaptive antenna with a plurality of beams having a different field of view [note: the term "field of view" can be interpreted in several ways such as pointing

field of view or coverage area field of view] (see fig. 1, item 140) having a plurality of main array antenna elements for simultaneously generating a plurality of dynamic communication beams that move with the mobile terminals (see fig. 1, item 110; col. 4, 46-58; col. 5, lines 7-14, 38-51; col. 6, lines 3-24, 25-32; col. 9, lines 28-67; col. 10, lines 36-52; col. 11, lines 1-9; col. 12, lines 4-16); and a gateway station coupled to said base station, said gateway station forming a plurality of beams commands for each of the plurality of panel by communicating a plurality of control signals to the base station to form the plurality of dynamic communication beam (see fig. 1, item 120; col. 2, lines 56-61; col. 3, lines 55-63; col. 4, 46-58; col. 5, lines 7-14, 38-51; col. 6, lines 3-24, 25-32; col. 9, lines 28-67; col. 10, lines 36-52; col. 11, lines 1-9; col. 12, lines 4-16). Although is commonly known to use modular systems with the antenna by using panels, Gross does not specify using a plurality of panels. In an analogous art, Katz discloses a communication system using a plurality of panels with a different field of view (see col. 6, lines 50-63). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the Gross apparatus for having a modular system with enhanced coverage.

As to claim 3, Gross discloses a communications system wherein said base station comprises a plurality of auxiliary elements for canceling interference between the pluralities of dynamic communication beams (see col. 4, lines 38-64).

As to claim 4, Gross discloses a communications system wherein said plurality of auxiliary elements is weighted to provide interference canceling (see col. 4, lines 38-64).

As to claim 5, Gross discloses a communications system wherein said gateway station is rf coupled to said base station (see col. 2, lines 62-63; fig. 1 item 110, 120, 122).

As to claim 6, Gross discloses a communications system wherein said base station is wireless (see col. 2, lines 62-63; fig. 1 item 110, 112, 122, 134).

As to claim 7, Gross discloses a communications system wherein said gateway station is positioned on a stratospheric platform (see col. 3, lines 55-63).

As to claim 8, Gross discloses a communications system wherein said adaptive antenna comprises a phased array antenna (see col. 4, lines 10-18).

As to claim 9, Gross does not specifically disclose the limitation of claim 9. Katz discloses a communications system as recited wherein said main array antenna elements are a modular using a plurality of panels with a same field of view [coverage area] (see fig. 1, 2, item 2; col. 6, lines 50-67; col. 7, lines 46- col. 8, line 7). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the Gross apparatus for having a modular system with enhanced coverage.

As to claim 10, Gross discloses a communications system wherein said main array antenna elements comprise a plurality of modules coupled to a bus (see fig. 2, items 204,206,208,210,212 214, 202).

As to claim 11, Gross discloses a communications system as recited in claim 10 wherein said bus is coupled to a controller (see fig. 2, items 204,206,208,210,212 214, 202).

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As to claim 12, Gross discloses a communications system further comprising a plurality of user terminals receiving said plurality of dynamic communication beams (see col. 2, lines 34-43).

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As to claim 14, Gross discloses a communications system further comprising a nulling processor (see col. 4, lines 46-64; col. 8, lines 18-46).

As to claim 20, Gross discloses a communications system (see fig. 1, item 100) for communicating with mobile user terminals (see fig. 1, item 130) comprising: a plurality of wireless base stations with a plurality of beams having a different field of view [note: the term "field of view" can be interpreted in several ways such as pointing field of view or coverage area field of view] (see fig. 1, item 140) having adaptive antennas, having a plurality of main array antenna elements, simultaneously generating a plurality of dynamic communication beams that move with the mobile terminals (see fig. 1, item 110; col. 4, 46-58; col. 5, lines 7-14, 38-51; col. 6, lines 3-24, 25-32; col. 9, lines 28-67; col. 10, lines 36-52; col. 11, lines 1-9; col. 12, lines 4-16); a gateway station coupled to said plurality of wireless base stations through a plurality of multiple dynamic links, said gateway station forming a plurality of beams for each of the plurality of panels by communicating a plurality of a control signals to the base station to form the plurality of dynamic communication beams (see fig. 1, item 110; col. 4, 46-58; col. 5, lines 7-14, 38-51; col. 6, lines 3-24, 25-32; col. 9, lines 28-67; col. 10, lines 36-52; col. 11, lines 1-9; col. 12, lines 4-16) so that a user receives at least a first link from a first base station of the plurality of wireless base stations and a second link from a second base station of the plurality of wireless base stations (see col. 10, lines 8-36). In an analogous art, Katz

discloses a communication system using a plurality of panels with a different field of view (see col. 6, lines 50-63). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the Gross apparatus for having a modular system with enhanced coverage.

Regarding claim 21 is the corresponding method claims of system claims 20.

Therefore, claim 21 is rejected for the same reason shown above.

As to claim 22, Gross discloses a method further comprising canceling interference between said multiple dynamic links (see col. 3, lines 23-32).

6. Claim 13 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross in view of Katz as applied to claim 1 above and further in view of Kasperkovitz (U.S. Patent 4,631,499).

As to claim 13, Gross and Katz do not specifically disclose a communication system further comprising a limiter coupled to a feedback path. In an analogous art, Kasperkovitz discloses a communication system further comprising a limiter coupled to a feedback path (see col. 7, lines 6-9). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the modified Gross and Ward system for the simple purpose of controlling a device more efficiently.

7. Claims 15-17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross in view of Katz as applied to claims 1 above, and further in view of Agee (U.S. Patent US006128276A).

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As to claim 15-17 and 19, Gross discloses nulling and weighted feedback (see col. 4, lines 46-64; col. 8, lines 18-46). Gross and Katz do not specifically disclose a communication system further comprising a code despread. In an analogous art, Agee discloses a communication system further comprising a nulling processor further comprising a code despread and weighted feedback (see col. 23, lines 7-29; col. 11, lines 33-48). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to add this teaching to the modified Gross and Ward system for the simple purpose of enhanced quality of communication by rejecting interference.

8. Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gross in view of Katz as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Janc (U.S. Patent 4,893,316) and further in view of Sayegh (U.S. Patent US006084541A).

As to claim 18, Gross discloses a communication system wherein said base station comprises a plurality of summing blocks coupled to the main array for generating a summed signal (see col. 4, lines 46-64) with a gateway station comprising an analog to digital converter (see col. 4, lines 10-17; col. 3, lines 55-63) and summed signal coupled to a digital beam forming circuit (see col. 4, lines 1-9, 18-27). Gross and Katz do not specifically disclose an A/D converter coupled to a noise injection circuit and the summed signal. Janc discloses a communication system comprising A/D converter coupled to a noise injection circuit and the summed signal (see col. 4, lines 18-28). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use this technique in to increase the reliability of the communication.

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Gross, Katzand Janc do not disclose the summed signal coupled to a demultiplexer In an analogous art, Sayegh discloses a signal coupled to a demultiplexer (see abstract). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of the ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use this technique in order to process the signal.

Conclusion

Any response to this Office Action should be mailed to:

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for formal communication intended for entry, informal communication or draft communication; in the case of informal or draft communication, please label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT"

Hand delivered responses should be brought to:

Customer Service Window Randolph Building 401 Dulany Street Alexandria, VA 22314

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MARCOS L. TORRES whose telephone number is (571)272-7926. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 am - 6:00 pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, George Eng can be reached on 571-252-7495. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Marcos L Torres/ Examiner, Art Unit 2617

/Lester Kincaid/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2617